

Application Serial No. 10/560,220
Reply to final office action of December 24, 2008

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Docket: CU-4590

Amendments to the Claims

The listing of claims presented below will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of claims:

1. **(currently amended)** A rijndael block encryption apparatus having M-bit input data and N-bit input keys and encrypting the M-bit input data by repeating for a predetermined number of times a round operation that includes transforms of shift_row, substitution, mixcolumn and add-round-key, the apparatus comprising:

a round operation unit including a round operation execution unit for processing the data in the unit of M/m bits (where m is 2, 3 or 4) at least in the transforms of substitution, mixcolumn and add-round-key, and a round key generation unit for generating round keys in order to provide the round keys in the transform of the add-round-key;

a round operation control unit for controlling the round operation performed by the round operation unit; and

a data storage unit for storing M/m-bit intermediate data generated by the round operation unit at an intermediate stage of every round and M-bit data generated at an end stage of every round,

wherein the round keys generated in the add-round-key generation unit is added to a ~~first~~ an upper M/m input data in the round operation execution unit while simultaneously ~~during the begin~~ processing of a ~~second~~ lower M/m input data ~~of in~~ the round operation execution unit before the end stage of every round for the upper M/m input data in the round operation execution unit,

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wherein the end stage of every round indicates that the data in the unit of M/m bits (where m is 2, 3 or 4) have been processed in all of the at least transforms of the substitution, mixcolumn and add-round-key, and a round key generation in the round operation execution unit.

2. (original) The apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein the data storage unit includes at least one register, and a total summed size of the register is equal to or larger than $M(2m-1)/m$ bits.

3. (currently amended) A rijndael block decryption apparatus having M-bit input data and N-bit input keys and decrypting the M-bit input data by repeating for a predetermined number of times a round operation that includes transforms of inverse shift_row, inverse substitution, add-round-key and inverse mixcolumn, the apparatus comprising:

a round operation unit including a round operation execution unit for processing the data in the unit of M/m bits (where m is 2, 3 or 4) at least in the transforms of inverse substitution, add-round-key and inverse mixcolumn, and a round key generation unit for generating round keys in order to provide the round keys in the transform of add-round-key;

a round operation control unit for controlling the round operation performed by the round operation unit; and

a data storage unit for storing M/m-bit intermediate data generated by the round

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operation unit at an intermediate stage of every round and M-bit data generated at an end stage of every round,

wherein the round keys generated in the add-round-key generation unit is added to ~~a first~~ an upper M/m input data in the round operation execution unit while simultaneously ~~during the~~ begin processing of a ~~second~~ lower M/m input data ~~of in~~ the round operation execution unit before the end stage of every round for the upper M/m input data in the round operation execution unit.

wherein the end stage of every round indicates that the data in the unit of M/m bits (where m is 2, 3 or 4) have been processed in all of the at least transforms of the substitution, mixcolumn and add-round-key, and a round key generation in the round operation execution unit.

4. (original) The apparatus as claimed in claim 3, wherein the data storage unit includes at least one register, and a total summed size of the register is equal to or larger than $M(2^m-1)/m$ bits.
5. (currently amended) A rijndael block cipher apparatus having M-bit input data and N-bit input keys, and encrypting the M-bit input data by repeating for a predetermined number of times a round operation for encryption that includes transforms of shift_row, substitution, mixcolumn and add-round-key or decrypting the M-bit input data by repeating for a predetermined number of times a round operation for decryption that includes transforms of inverse shift_row, inverse substitution, add-round-

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key and inverse mixcolumn, the apparatus comprising:

a round operation unit including a round operation execution unit for processing the data in the unit of M/m bits (where m is 2, 3 or 4) at least in the transforms of substitution, mixcolumn and add-round-key in an encryption mode and for processing the data in the unit of M/m bits (where m is 2, 3 or 4) at least in the transforms of inverse substitution, add-round-key and inverse mixcolumn in a decryption mode, and a round key generation unit for generating round keys in order to provide the round keys in the transform of add-round-key;

a round operation control unit for controlling the round operation performed by the round operation unit; and

a data storage unit for storing M/m -bit intermediate data generated by the round operation unit at an intermediate stage of every round and M -bit data generated at an end stage of every round,

wherein the round keys generated in the add-round-key generation unit is added to ~~a first~~ an upper M/m input data in the round operation execution unit while simultaneously ~~during the~~ begin processing of a ~~second~~ lower M/m input data ~~of in~~ the round operation execution unit before the end stage of every round for the upper M/m input data in the round operation execution unit.

wherein the end stage of every round indicates that the data in the unit of M/m bits (where m is 2, 3 or 4) have been processed in all of the at least transforms of the substitution, mixcolumn and add-round-key, and a round key generation in the round operation execution unit.

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6. (original) The apparatus as claimed in claim 5, wherein the round operation execution unit comprises:

a shift/inverse-shift_row operation means for performing the shift_row operation and the inverse shift_row operation of the data;

a substitution/inverse-substitution operation means for performing the substitution operation and the inverse substitution operation of the data;

a mixcolumn/inverse-mixcolumn operation means for performing the mixcolumn operation and the inverse mixcolumn operation of the data; and

an add-round-key operation means for performing the add-round-key operation of the data.

7. (original) The apparatus as claimed in claim 6, wherein the round operation execution unit further comprises a plurality of demultiplexing means for controlling a flow of the data among the substitution/inverse-substitution operation means, the mixcolumn/inverse-mixcolumn operation means and the add-round-key operation means so as to perform the round operation for the encryption or the round operation for the decryption according to an input of a mode signal that indicates the encryption or decryption mode.

8. (original) The apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 5 to 7, wherein the data storage unit includes at least one register, and a total summed size of the register is equal to or larger than $M(2^m-1)/m$ bits.

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9. (currently amended) A rijndael block encryption method for receiving M-bit input data and N-bit input keys and performing a round operation of the input data for a predetermined number of times, the method comprising:

a round operation step of performing a round operation with respect to all m data of M/n bits, the round operation including sub-steps of a shift_row transform for performing a shift_row of the M-bit data from a previous round and outputting only M/m-bit (where m is 2, 3 and 4) data corresponding to a selection signal to a next step, a substitution transform for performing a substitution of the M/m-bit data, a mixcolumn transform for performing a mixcolumn of the M/m-bit data, and an add-round-key transform for performing an addition of round keys having the same size to the M/m-bit data, respectively; and

a round key generation step of generating the round keys in order to provide the round keys at the sub-step of the add-round-key transform,

wherein the round keys generated in the add-round-key generation unit is added to ~~a first~~ an upper M/m input data in the round operation execution unit while simultaneously ~~during the begin~~ processing of a second lower M/m input data ~~of in~~ the round operation execution unit before the end stage of every round for the upper M/m input data in the round operation execution unit,

wherein the end stage of every round indicates that the data in the unit of M/m bits (where m is 2, 3 or 4) have been processed in all of the at least transforms of the substitution, mixcolumn and add-round-key, and a round key generation in the round operation execution unit.

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10. (original) The method as claimed in claim 9, wherein the data having the size of M/m bits can be processed through the steps of the shift_row transform, the substitution transform, the mixcolumn transform and the add-round-key transform, respectively, and a plurality of the M/m -bit data can be processed through the plural steps selected among the four steps at the same time according to a predetermined timing.

11. (currently amended) A rijndael block decryption method for receiving M -bit input data and N -bit input keys and performing a round operation of the input data for a predetermined number of times, the method comprising:

a round operation step of performing a round operation with respect to all m data of M/n bits, the round operation including sub-steps of an inverse shift_row transform for performing an inverse shift_row of the M -bit data from a previous round and outputting only M/m -bit (where m is 2, 3 and 4) data corresponding to a selection signal to a next step, an inverse substitution transform for performing an inverse substitution of the M/m -bit inverse-shift_row-transformed data, an add-round-key transform for performing an addition of round keys having the same size to the M/m -bit inverse-substitution-transformed data, respectively, and an inverse mixcolumn transform for performing an inverse mixcolumn of the M/m -bit add-round-key-transformed data; and

a round key generation step of generating the round keys in order to provide the round keys at the sub-step of the add-round-key transform,

wherein the round keys generated in the add-round-key generation unit is added

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to ~~a first~~ an upper M/m input data in the round operation execution unit while
simultaneously ~~during the begin~~ processing of a ~~second~~ lower M/m input data ~~of in~~
the round operation execution unit before the end stage of every round for the upper
M/m input data in the round operation execution unit.

wherein the end stage of every round indicates that the data in the unit of
M/m bits (where m is 2, 3 or 4) have been processed in all of the at least
transforms of the substitution, mixcolumn and add-round-key, and a round key
generation in the round operation execution unit.

12. (original) The method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the data having the size of M/m bits can be processed through the steps of the inverse shift_row transform, the inverse substitution transform, the add-round-key transform and the inverse mixcolumn transform, respectively, and a plurality of the M/m-bit data can be processed through the plural steps selected among the four steps at the same time according to a predetermined timing.